What is claimed is:

In a rotating disk data storage device of the type including a disk whereon data is written by a transducer head adjacent the disk in angularly extending sectors on concentric data tracks to be subsequently read therefrom by the transducer; a controller responsive to sector location pulses for locating said sectors; and means for moving the transducer head between tracks on the disk; an apparatus for providing the sector location pulses, comprising:

rate of the disk for providing master clock
signals indicative of the angular location of
the transducer head with respect to a selected
index location on the disk following passage
of the index location by the transducer head;
a first counter clocked by the clock means;
latch means for storing at least one selected time
corresponding to a selected angular distance
along a selected track on the disk;
an accumulator connected to the latch means for
adding said selected time to the contents of
the accumulator each time the accumulator is

Clare

Copied from 09906308 on 05/31/2005

clocked by an accumulator clock signal; a first comparator connected to the first counter and the accumulator for providing an 25 al electrical indication that the contents of the counter is at least as large as the contents of the accumulator; accumulator clock means connected to the first comparator and responsive to said electrical indication for repetitively providing the accumulator clock signal to the accumulator so long as the accumulator contents does not exceed the first counter contents; master reset means for resetting the first counter and the accumulator at such times that the index location on the disk passes the transducer head; partial reset means for entering the selected times into the latch means and resetting the 40 accumulator each time the transducer is moved to a new track on the disk; and sector location pulse generation means for providing the sector location pulses to the controller concurrently with selected accumulator clock pulses.

The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sector

location pulse generation means comprises:

a sector location pulse gate connected to the first comparator to receive said electrical indication of the relative contents of the first counter and the accumulator; and

means for generating a sector location pulse each time the sector location pulse gate is enabled;

wherein the apparatus further comprises:

5

0

20

of sectors on the tracks of the disk; and

a second comparator connected to the second

counter, the number of sectors latch and

the
sector location pulse gate for disabling the
sector location pulse gate following
attainment of the value stored in the number

of sectors latch by the second counter.

The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the latch means comprises:

a sector time latch for storing sector times corresponding to angular lengths of sectors on the tracks;

76-

a delay time latch for storing delay times

corresponding to selected angular skew

distances of the sectors along tracks of the

disk; and

an accumulation time selector connected between the accumulator and the sector and delay time latches for presenting sector times to the accumulator in an enabled state of the selector and for presenting the delay times to the accumulator in a disabled state of the selector; and

wherein the apparatus is further characterized as comprising delayed index controller means for disabling the accumulation time selector and the sector location location pulse gate for the first accumulator clock signal following reset of the accumulator.

- 4. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein the sector location pulse generation means comprises means for selecting the duration of the controller pulses.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the sector location pulse generation means comprises means for selecting the duration of the controller pulses.
 - 6. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the sector

09906308 on 05/

 a^2

1,5

20

م

a

location pulse generation means comprises means for selecting the duration of the controller pulses.

means comprises:

a sector time latch for storing sector times

corresponding to angular lengths of sectors on
the tracks;

a delay time latch for storing delay times

corresponding to selected angular skew sectors along tracks of the disk; and

an accumulation time selector connected between the accumulator and the sector and delay time latches for presenting sector times to the accumulator in an enabled state of the selector and for presenting the delay times to the accumulator in a disabled state of the selector;

wherein the sector location pulse generation means comprises:

a sector location pulse gate connected to the first comparator to receive said electrical indication of the relative contents of the first counter and the accumulator; and

Claim 7

20

a

means for generating a sector location pulse each time the sector location pulse gate is enabled; and

wherein the apparatus is further characterized as comprising delayed index controller means for disabling the accumulation time selector and the sector location location pulse gate for the first accumulator clock signal following reset of the accumulator.

8. The apparatus of claim 7 wherein the sector location pulse generation means comprises means for selecting the duration of the controller pulses.

9. A method for generating conroller pulses for locating data storage sectors on data tracks of a rotating disk data storage device having a transducer head adjacent the surface of the disk for writing to and reading from the sectors, comprising:

accumulating next sector times corresponding to the locations of the sectors on the disk following passage of a selected index location on the disk by the transducer head;

maintaining a continuous count of a time from index following passage of the index location by the transducer head;

gring)

30

-79-

20/

5

10

generating a controller pulse each time the disk advances to a new sector on a track; and setting the accumulated time to zero each time the transducer head is moved to a new track on the disk; and

repetitively accumulating next sector times

following movement of the transducer head to a

new track on the disk until the accumulation

of next sector times exceeds the time from

index.

10. The method of claim of further comprising the steps of:

maintaining a count of the number of sectors which have reached the transducer head following passage of the index location by the transducer head at such times that the transducer head is positioned adjacent a selected track on the disk;

discontinuing generation of entroller pulses at such times that the number of sectors that have passed the transducer head reaches a preselected number of sectors for the selected track; and

following movement of the transducer to a new track

15

a

on the disk, updating the number of sectors count to an effective number of passed sectors between the index, mark and the transducer head on the new track.

- 11. The method of claim 10 further comprising the step of accumulating a delayed index time to be added to the next sector times each time the index mark on the disk passes the transducer head.
- generating a controller pulse is further characterized as generating a controller pulse having one of a plurality of durations selected for each track on the disk.

step of accumulating a delayed index time to be added to the next sector times each time the index mark on the disk passes the transducer head.

generating a controller pulse is further characterized as generating a controller pulse having one of a plurality of durations selected for each track on the disk.

-81opied from 09906308 generating a controller pulse is further characterized as generating a controller pulse having one of a plurality of durations selected for each track on the disk.

2

5